Graphic Design 101

Design principles, typography and color



Learning Objectives

- x Apply four design principles to enhance graphic design projects
- x Analyze examples of Instagram campaigns
- x Use Canva to create an effective graphic

Planning

- x Planning is key and will save you time in the long run
- x Use a paper and pencil to sketch thumbnails of your design
- x Take your design constraints into account
 - How much time do you have?
 - Who is your audience?
 - What is the purpose of your design?
 - How will you ensure your design is shareable?

Design Matters

- x Everything about your design should be intentional
- x Anything that is not essential to getting your point across doesn't need to be there.
- x Be aware of visual hierarchy
- x Design around the predictability of the human eye
- x Use size to bypass traditional conventions



Design Principles

Proximity

Repetition

Contrast

Alignment



Proximity

Group related items together.

Physical closeness implies a relationship.

If information is organized, it is more likely to be read and remembered.

No Proximity

My Shopping List

Fruits:

Oranges

Pineapples

Vegetables:

Peas

Carrots

Meats:

Bacon

Pork



Better Proximity

My Shopping List

Fruits:

Oranges

Pineapples

Vegetables:

Peas

Carrots

Meats:

Bacon

Pork



Repetition

Repeat some aspect of the design throughout the piece.

Repetition is about consistency. It is a conscious effort to unify all parts of a design.

No Repetition

My Shopping List

Fruits:

Oranges

Pineapples

Vegetables:

Peas

Carrots

Meats:

Bacon

Pork



Better Repetition

My Shopping List

Fruits:

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Dear Jane, you are invited to John's 21st Birthday Party Come eat, drink and be merry with John as he turns the big two-one! Saturday, May 19th 7.00PM – 12.00AM 12 Street Road, Suburb Town RSVP by May 5th



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> 12 Street Road, Suburb Town

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Contrast

Contrast is one of the most effective ways of adding visual interest and draw the eye.

It is also useful for creating an organizational hierarchy among different elements.

If two elements are sort of different, but not really, then you don't have contrast—you have conflict.

These are different | But not different enough.

Contrast things by making them different.

Very different.

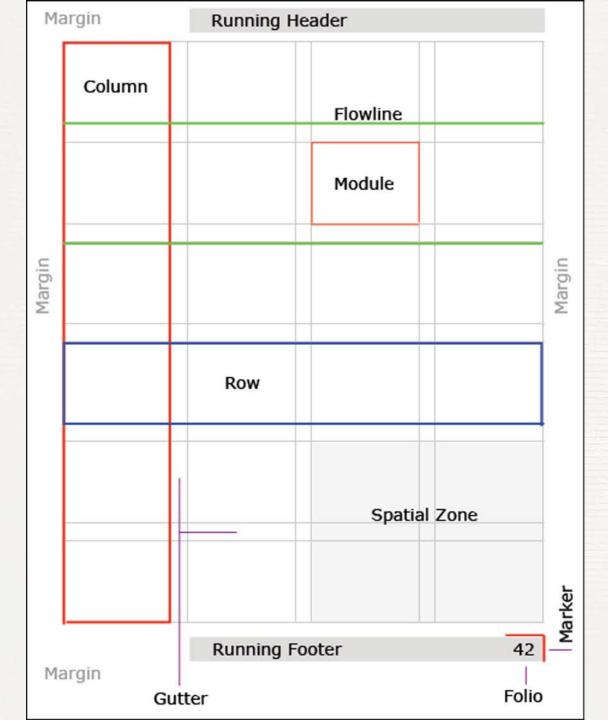


Alignment

Nothing should be placed on the page arbitrarily.

Every item should have a visual connection with something else on the page.

Unity is an important concept in design.



Using a grid is a common graphic design technique and can be very helpful in laying out your design.

Alignment

 Each basic mode of alignment has distinct characteristics and typical uses

 Western audiences are most familiar with left align Text is an ongoing sequence of words,

distinct from shorter headlines or captions.

The main block is often called

the "body,"

comprising the principal mass of content.

Also known as "running text,"

it can flow from one page, column, or box to another.

Text can be viewed as a thing

-a sound and sturdy object-

or a fluid poured into the containers of page or screen.

Text can be solid or liquid,

body or blood.

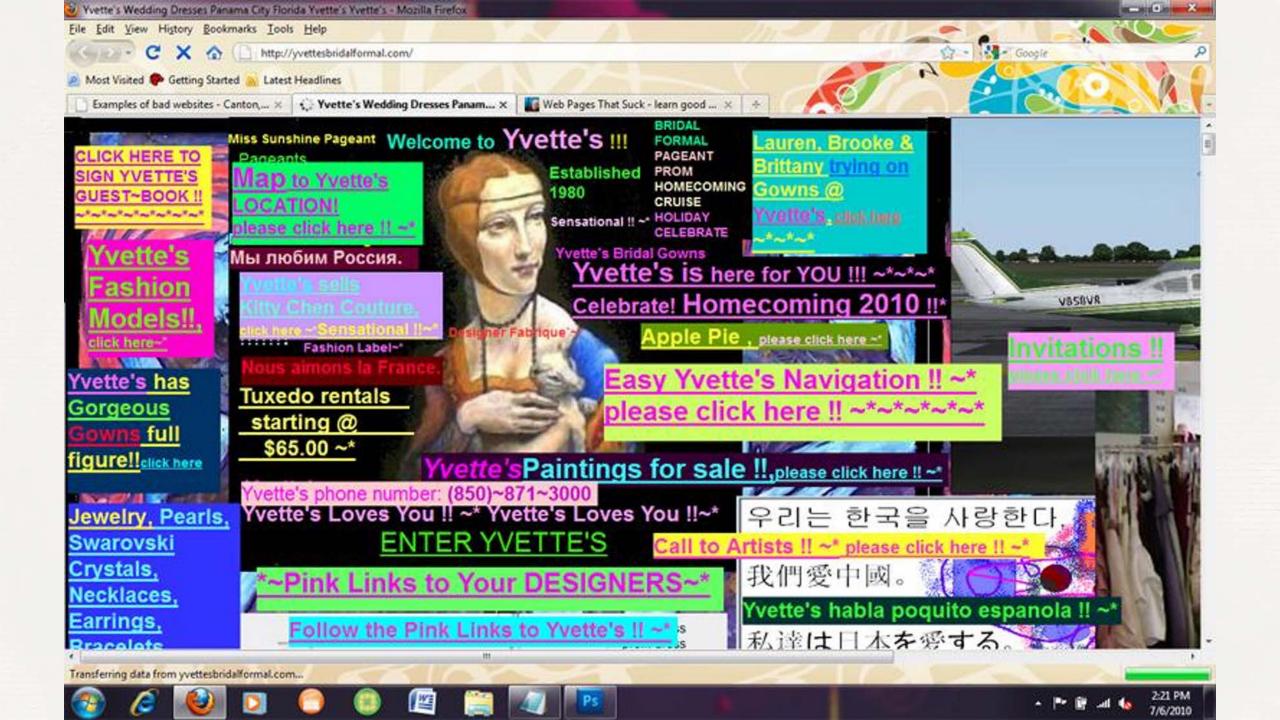
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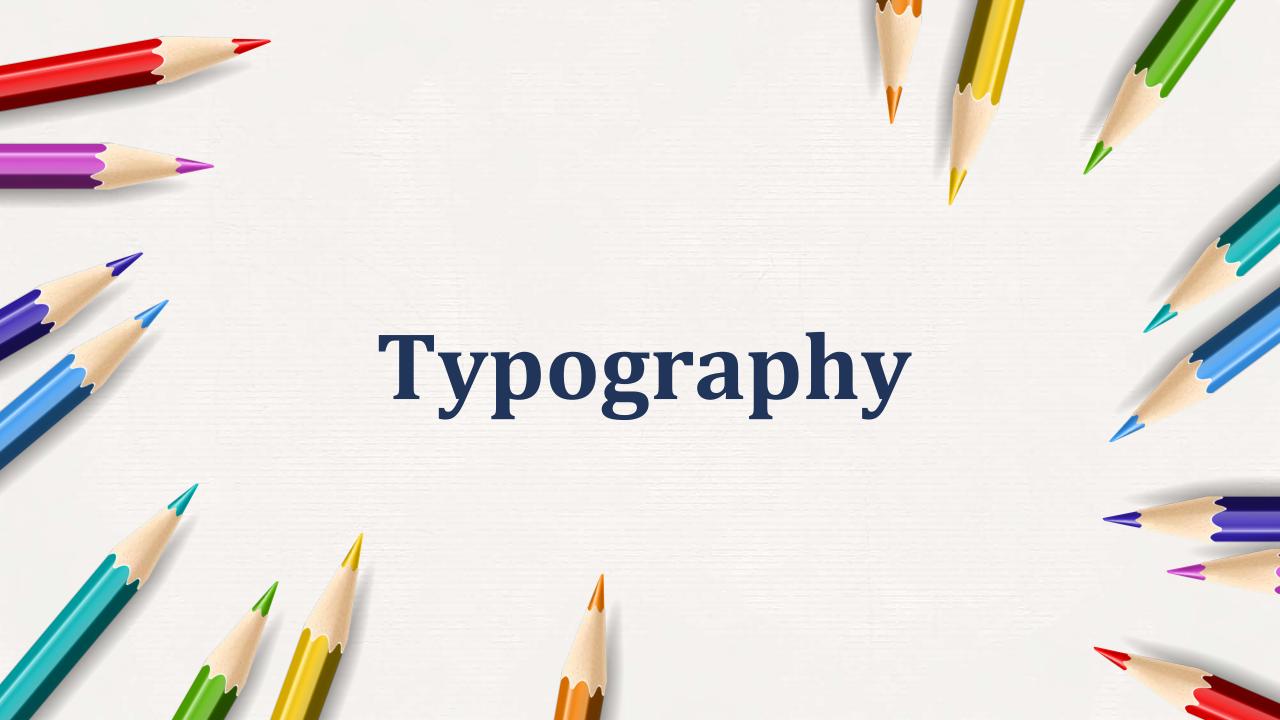
Negative Space Is Your Friend.





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Best practices for type

- Be intentional; consider purpose, context and audience.
 Don't pick solely on personal preference.
- x Limit your fonts: aim for 2-3
- x Adjust kerning and leading \uparrow if needed \leftarrow I \rightarrow







This type is badly kerned.

This type is kerned well.



Type Classification

Serif

- Serif fonts have small strokes or tails at the end of the letters
- Creates a more traditional and formal look
- Good for print; body text

Sans Serif

- Sans serif don't have tails
- Creates a more clean, modern look
- Good for print headlines, digital body text



Type Classification

DISPLAY/DECORATIVE

- Used for headlines & titles
- Very diverse in style:
- · RXAMPLE
- · Datterns & Dots

Script

- Often used for invitations, certificates and diplomas
- Galligraphy-formal and elegant
- Handwriting-informal and friendly



Font Pairings

Yeseva One Josephin Sans

BioRhyme Cabin

Dancing Script
Ledger

LatoMerriweather

Lobster Arimo

Bree Serif Nunito



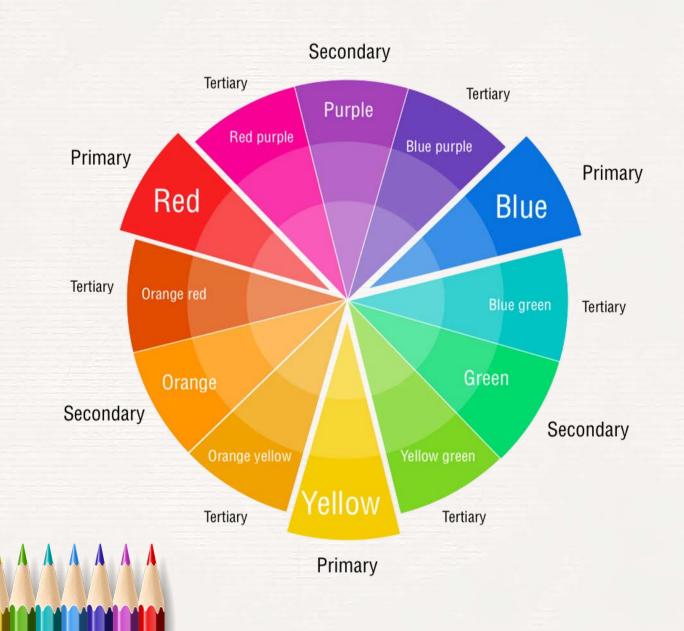


Color can:

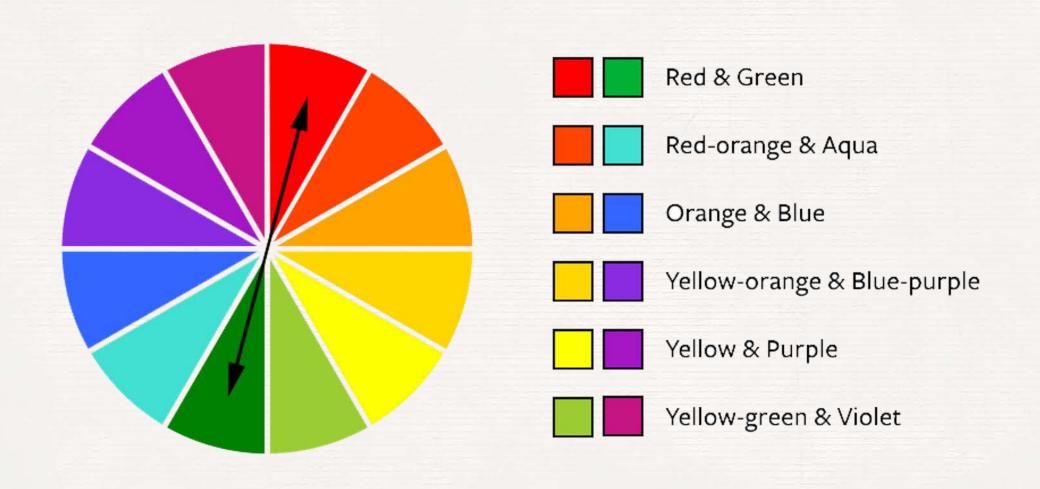
- Evoke emotion
- Create emphasis
- Group related elements

But it can also:

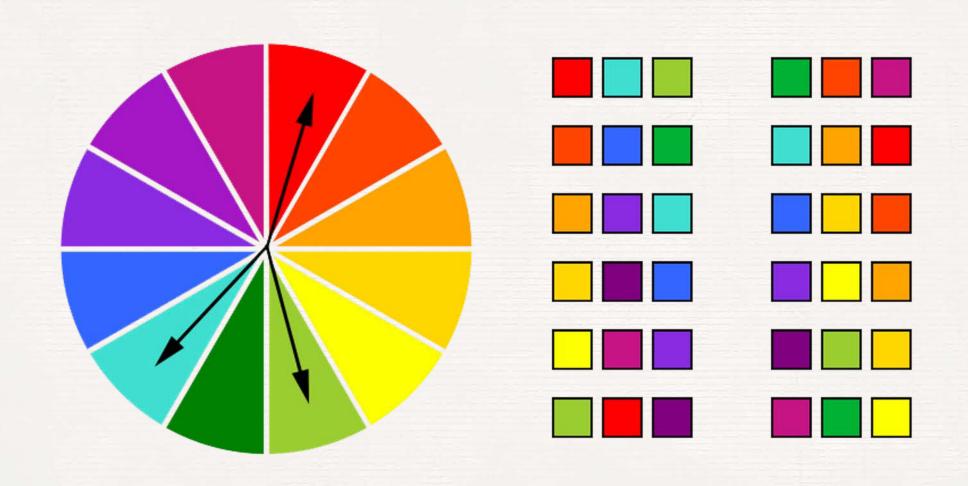
- Overwhelm your audience
- Cause distraction



Complementary Colors

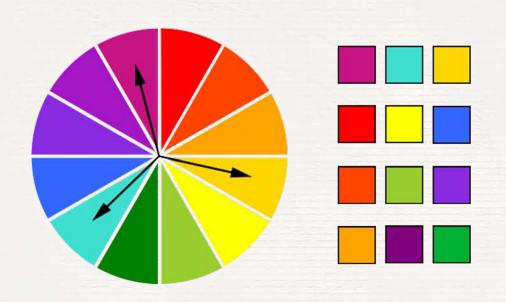


Split-complementary Colors

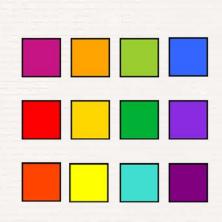




Triad & Tetradic







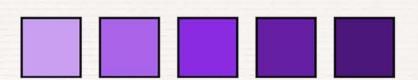
Analogous



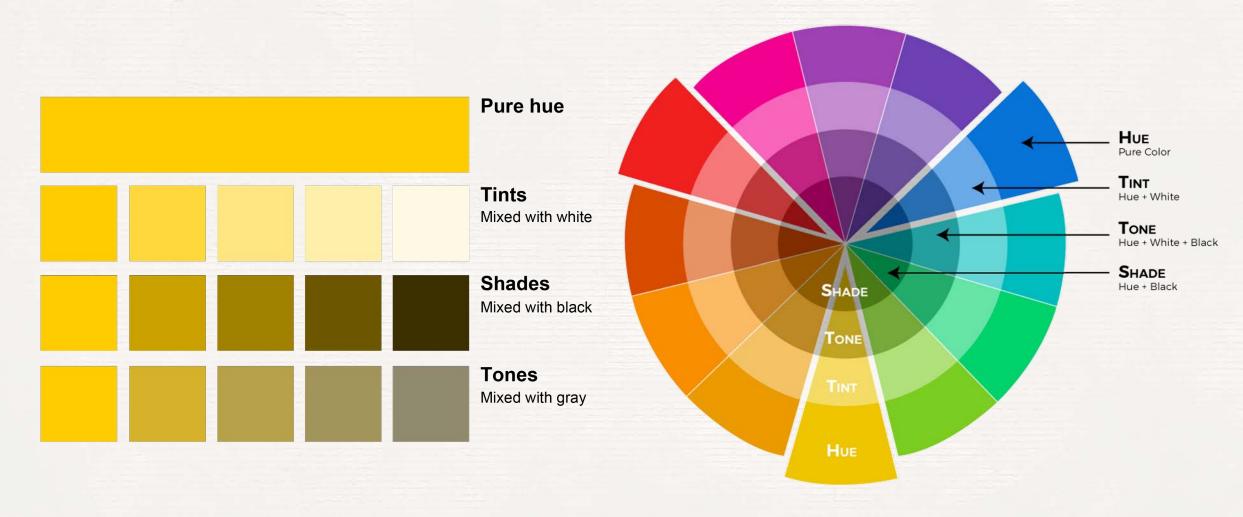


Monochrome





Shades & Tints



Activity

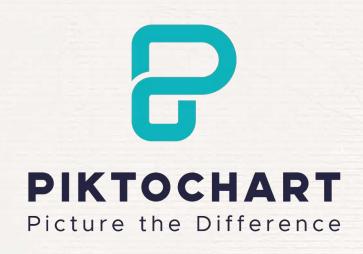
Open the google doc for your group # in the [name of folder]

Answer these prompts:

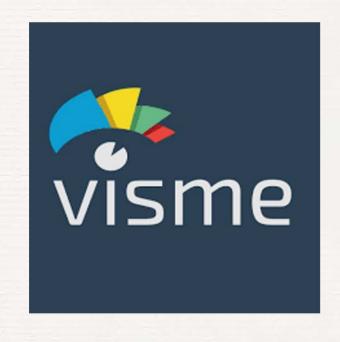
- 1. What is the purpose of the post? What is the message it is communicating?
- 2. How effective is the post? Would you share it? Why or why not?
- 3. Pick two design principles/features (proximity, repetition, alignment, contrast, color, font) and describe how they are applied in this campaign
- 4. If you think it is not effective, what would you change about it? What would you cut oar add?
- 5. What is something from this campaign's design that you might want to use in your own?



Free Online Design Platforms









Canva Design Challenge:

Pick one of the slides from your group and redesign it using Canva

OR

Brainstorm your own project- how will you translate ideas from your research paper into an Instagram campaign? How will you make it visually engaging?

